

January 20, 2021

<b>National Stock Exchange of India Limited</b> Exchange Plaza, Plot No. C/1, G Block, Bandra - Kurla Complex Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 001	<b>BSE Limited</b> Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001
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**Sub.: Newspaper Advertisement regarding intimation of the Board Meeting**

Dear Sirs,

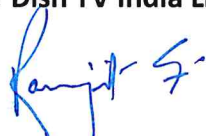
This is in continuation to our communication dated January 20, 2021, wherein in accordance with Regulation 29 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company had intimated the Stock Exchange(s) that a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company is scheduled to be held on **Friday, the 29<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2021**, to *inter-alia* consider, approve and take on record the Un-Audited Financial Results of the Company for the Third Quarter (Q3) and nine months period ended December 31, 2020 for the Financial year ended 20-21.

In this regard, please find enclosed herewith copies of the newspaper clippings duly advertised in two newspapers viz. "Business Standard" (All Editions) in English and "Navshakti" (Mumbai Edition) in Marathi.

Thanking you.

Yours truly,

For Dish TV India Limited



**Ranjit Singh**

**Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**

Membership No. A15442



Encl: As above



OUT OF COURT

M J ANTONY

Portents after the vaccine rollout

Economists, psephologists and assorted soothsayers were getting prime-time attention for months due to the uncertainties caused by the coronavirus. What's certain is that the situation is not going to change anytime soon and they will be in high demand. The judiciary is better placed in this respect, for well or ill. For instance, it is certain that a new chief justice will head the Supreme Court in three months, hopefully heralding a less disturbed regime.

It needs no crystal ball to see that physical courts will slowly return after about 11 months since the lockdown. Some high courts like in Mumbai and Uttarakhand have already gone ahead in this respect. Most courts have learned to live with virtual hearings. However, some SC judges were so irritated last week by technical glitches creating an echo chamber effect that they recorded it in their order.

Since the lockdown in March last year, a large section of the legal profession and litigants has found that virtual courts (VCs) are a beneficial innovation and should be institutionalised. Lawyers can argue from anywhere around the globe, in several courts on the same day, and litigants need not travel to physical courts spending time and money. Therefore, another safe forecast is that VCs will continue to exist, along with physical courts.

The courts and tribunals have been extending interim orders like status quo and stay during the pandemic. They had also relaxed rules of limitation. Slowly, they are lifting the bar, like the Allahabad High Court last week. This trend will be a boon for those exasperated by such freeze orders. On the other hand, those who have benefited from them, like bad cheque artists, will find the noose tightening around them.

Looking at the past record, it can be taken for granted that Nirmala Sitharaman's red *bahi khata*, or cloth ledger carrying the Budget, will bring little cheer to the judiciary. It has been the long-standing peeve of judges that the infrastructure of courts and tribunals is starved of funds, getting less than 2 per cent for decades. With VCs and live-streaming requiring more investment, the situation is bound to go from bad (no toilets and furniture) to worse (digital blips). Consequently, another sure-fire prophecy is the continuing detention for hundreds of thousands of prisoners without bail or trial in jails crowded 14 per cent over capacity, two in three being "undertrials". Also, the SC's recent order to conclude the criminal trial of MPs and MLAs (4,442 of them) in six months will be unrealised. Further, it can be reasonably predicted that there would be an upsurge of suits bottled up during the dark months.

Chances are high that the government will continue its winning spree in the SC. Decisions on Ayodhya, Aadhaar, the communication lockdown in Jammu and Kashmir and the Central Vista project are indicative. What are not decided for long are also omens, like questions on Article 370, electoral bonds and demonetisation. Never in its history has the court been asked to judge on a bundle of highly combustible issues like the status of Kashmir (140 petitions pending), Citizenship (Amendment) Act, reservation within reservation, love jihad, to name only a few. The idea of tossing hot potato issues in the lap of high courts is likely to continue. The eloquence on human rights in high-flown judgments will get lengthier though the relief in the petitions is likely to be as short.

The rising curve of legal gains of the government has led to a new trend in which commoners have begun to judge the judges, shedding their traditional reverence for the judiciary. Earlier, criticism of judges was confined to jurists and well-versed commentators who used guarded language. Now even comics, cartoonists and twitterati have dared to enter the field. In the coming weeks, some of them are going to stand trial for contempt of court. Expect the judges and the attorney general to draw the Lakshman Rekha on the right to laugh.

On all counts, the nation is eagerly waiting for a turn of the tide in higher judiciary. Justice N V Ramana, the next in line to be CJI, recently said that a judge must be fearless, brave and able to resist pressure. It is for him to remove the misgivings prevailing among the public who want the SC to be great again.

Bengal beyond the Singur debate

With Assembly elections looming, the Trinamool Congress is highlighting its industry-friendly tag as the Bharatiya Janata Party vows to transform the state into an investment paradise



ISHITA AVAN DUTT  
Kolkata, 19 January

Udayan Das feels let down. First, the Left Front acquired his 19-acre plot for Tata Motors' Nano factory in Singur and failed to set it up. Then, the Trinamool Congress (TMC) returned the land to its original owners and promised agriculture, but Das still had his eyes set on industry. Now, the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) has entered the scene with the promise of bringing back industry, albeit without a blueprint.

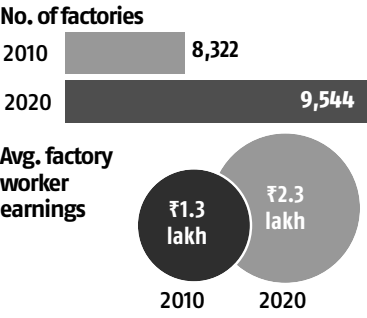
"Singur has seen a flood of promises from political parties. We want a written

declaration from the BJP it wants to set up industry," Das, convener of Singur Shilpa Bikash and Unnayan Committee (Singur Industrial Development and Welfare Committee), said.

Ahead of the election is the time when political parties normally descend on Singur. BJP President Dilip Ghosh has promised that if his party comes to power, he would set up industry in Singur (elections are due in April this year).

In 2011, Mamata Banerjee rode to power in West Bengal, unseating the Left Front after a 34-year rule by supporting land losers who were "unwilling" to part with their land for the Tata Motors' Nano

BENGAL SHINING?  
TMC SUBMITS A REPORT CARD



SMALL BUSINESSES

► 2012: 34,60,000  
► 2020: 89,00,000  
Total employment: 13.5 million  
Source: TMC report card 2011-2020

project. It ultimately led to the pullout from the project.

She has fought hard since then to shed her "rabble-rouser" tag and project the state as a business-friendly destination. The TMC report card — a tabulation of development projects and welfare policies released last month on completing 10 years of rule — takes pains to highlight this point (*see table*).

Glitzy investor meets such as the Bengal Global Business Summit (BGBS) were started, which political commentators believe are important tools for marketing a state in competitive federalism. The summits have seen participation

from some of the biggest names from India Inc — from Mukesh Ambani to Lakshmi Mittal and Sajjan Jindal.

According to state government estimates, these translated into investment proposals of around ₹12.32 trillion over five editions.

The eye-popping figure has raised questions from critics, especially as industrial entrepreneur memoranda (IEMs) filed with the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade show: In 2018, 62 IEMs were filed with a proposed investment of ₹4,722 crore; in 2019, 48 IEMs were filed with a proposed investment of ₹5,844 crore; and up to November 2020, 21 IEMs had been filed with a proposed investment of ₹8,791 crore.

But filing IEMs is not mandatory and not everyone may have done so, sources in the West Bengal government indicated.

Questions have been raised on investment proposals generated at the BGBS by West Bengal Governor Jagdeep Dhankhar as well. He wrote to Banerjee last August seeking details of BGBS as he felt that the ground reality did not reflect the numbers.

But West Bengal Finance and Industry Minister Amit Mitra claimed that 40-50 per cent of the investment proposals announced at the BGBS were under implementation. Under BGBS and even aside from it, there are projects and investments that are at different levels of implementation, he said.

JSW's cement plant at Salboni, which was set up under the current regime, is expanding — even though it's a shadow of the original 10-million steel plant and 1,600Mw power plant planned in the earlier regime (the Supreme Court cancelled coal blocks allocation and sealed the fate of the original project).

The group, however, may consider additional investment in paints and downstream steel units. In the last few years, ITC has set up food manufacturing units at Uluberia and Panchla as part of its integrated consumer goods manufacturing and logistics (ICML) facilities.

Then there is the 200-acre proposed IT hub called the Bengal Silicon Valley, where a bunch of companies

have taken up space.

TCS has taken up 20 acres to build a second campus (it employs more than 35,000 at the existing one); Reliance Jio has taken 40 acres for a development centre; and Airtel, too, has taken space.

Last month, the state cabinet allotted land to Wipro for its second centre; in 2018, Infosys announced a new software development centre; Flipkart is setting up its first integrated logistics hub in West Bengal, which is expected to employ more than 10,000 people. And there are others on the list.

A businessman pointed out that as more and more companies opt for work from home in the light of the Covid-19 pandemic, Bengal would be the most likely beneficiary with roles becoming location-agnostic.

That may not be surprising, given that it has long borne the baggage of brain drain and flight of capital.

Militant trade unionism and a slow-moving economy, through the 1980s and later, led several large companies and notable businessmen — the Mittals of Ispat, the Singhania, Philips and Bata, to name a few — to move their headquarters or important divisions from Kolkata.

That was reversed to an extent by Banerjee's predecessor, Buddhadeb Bhattacharjee, who got a host of IT companies to the state, and retailers and manufacturing companies to consider big-ticket investment.

As political commentator Sabyasachi Basu Ray Chaudhury pointed out, "Buddhadeb Bhattacharjee's second term was the only electoral mandate for industrialisation."

But the land agitation movement in Singur led by Banerjee and the subsequent pullout of Tata Motors reversed those gains.

In power, Banerjee has tried to bury the ghost of the past, but it might still be work-in-progress. Big-ticket and eye-grabbing (in terms of investment size) projects are still few and far between — Kolkata still often figures at the bottom half among major cities in terms of office space absorption.

'Regulate all online skill games, not just fantasy sports'

The online gaming industry on Monday collectively urged the government to set up a self-regulatory body to standardise regulations for the entire online skill gaming sector and not just fantasy sports. This was in response to a draft paper by the Niti Aayog that set guidelines for the industry last month. SAMEER BARDE, CEO, The Online Rummy Federation, tells Dhruv Munjal that a common regulatory body is a must, while arguing that the negative perception around real-money games is now changing. Edited excerpts:

**What are the recommendations that you've made to the Niti Aayog?** Firstly, I think it's a brilliant move to have regulations for the online gaming industry. But at the same time, it's important to understand that fantasy games are only a small part of the entire skill-based gaming ecosystem. All the games available today — rummy, poker, bridge, chess, quizzes — are based on skill and played for real money. The problem here is that if you create a silo for only fantasy games, then the other games will have to come up with regulatory frameworks of their own. There is an equal, if not a larger need, to regulate the broader skill gaming industry.

Since the main objective here is to talk with states — gaming remains a state subject — and agree to the idea of a "safe harbour", having different bodies is an unviable way of conducting business given that there are so many commonalities among these games. Keeping that in mind, our recommendation is that there be an overarching regulatory body for all skill games.

**This is a burgeoning industry, with new stakeholders being added all the time. How will a standardised set of guidelines benefit the sector?** It will bolster innovation and, more crucially, provide the right environment for player safety to become central and upfront. Additionally, if there are concerns expressed by state authorities, there will be a single point through which new regulations can be rolled out to

all operators. There is a considerable overlap when it comes all these games, which means that the challenges are more or less similar. One unified body will offer multiple benefits, with no downsides.

**Will it also encourage investment?** Absolutely. There is no doubt that there is already tremendous interest among investors. But a proper set of regulations from the government will ensure greater stability. The Niti Aayog has noted that the fantasy gaming industry alone has the potential to attract foreign direct investment of more than ₹10,000 crore over the next few years, as well as generate 1.5 billion online transactions by 2023. We anticipate a high demand for investments coming in.

**Real-money games have been perceived somewhat negatively in the past. Is that changing?** As far as rummy is concerned, the courts, over the years, have clearly established its legality. The industry as a whole has been growing at 25-28 per cent CAGR in the past few years, clearly indicating that there is massive pent-up demand for this type of entertainment. The challenge now is to serve users in a responsible and sustainable way, and follow all guidelines.

**Despite its huge popularity, the online gaming industry is still at a nascent stage in its development. What concerns do you foresee?** One of the key issues is fly-by-night operators — people who want to make a quick buck and get out. But then again, clearly defined regulations will automatically account for that problem. Then there are states that have kept us out. In Hyderabad last year (online gaming is banned in Telangana), for instance, the police unearthed a multi-crore scam where a Chinese man was running an illegal gambling scheme. What a blanket ban does is keep legit players out — because they follow the laws of the land — and often allows devious tricksters to flourish.

The challenge is to tackle such elements and win player trust. Once the guidelines are formally in place, gaming platforms will be in a better place to ensure user safety and also build confidence.



SAMEER BARDE  
CEO, The Online Rummy Federation

**Shankara**  
Building Products Ltd.

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Tel: +91-80-40117777, Fax: +91 80 41119317  
CIN: L26922KA1995PLC018990  
Website: www.shankarabuildpro.com Email: compliance@shankarabuildpro.com

**NOTICE**

Pursuant to Regulation 29(a) read with Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company will be held on Friday, January 29, 2021 to consider and approve the Un-audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results of the Company for the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2020.

This intimation is also available on the website of the Company at www.shankarabuildpro.com and on the website of the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares of the Company are listed i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com

For SHANKARA BUILDING PRODUCTS LIMITED  
Sd/-  
Ereena Vikram  
Place: Bengaluru  
Date: 19<sup>th</sup> January, 2021  
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

**dishtv** | **d2h**

**DISH TV INDIA LIMITED**

Regd. Office: 18th Floor, A Wing, Marathon Futurex, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai-400013  
Corporate office: FC-19, Sector-16A, Noida-201 301, (U.P)  
CIN: L51909MH1988PLC287553, Tel.: 0120- 5047005/5047000, Fax: 0120-4357078  
E-mail: investor@dishtv2h.com, Website: www.dishd2h.com

**NOTICE**

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Regulation 29 read with Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, that a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company will be held on Friday, the 29th day of January 2021, inter-alia, to consider, approve and take on record the Un-Audited Financial Results of the Company for the 3rd quarter and nine months period ended December 31, 2020, of the financial year 2020-21.

The information contained in this notice is also available on the Company's website at www.dishd2h.com and the website of Stock Exchanges where the Company's shares are listed i.e. the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (www.nseindia.com) and BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com).

For Dish TV India Limited  
Sd/-  
Ranjit Singh  
Place: Noida  
Date: January 19, 2021  
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer  
Membership No. -A15442

**भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक**  
**RESERVE BANK OF INDIA**  
www.rbi.org.in

**Auction of Government of India Dated Securities for ₹ 27,000 crores on January 22, 2021**

The Government of India (GoI) has announced the sale (re-issue) of four dated securities:

Sr. No.	Nomenclature	Notified amount (in ₹ Crore)	Earmarked for Retail Investors* (in ₹ Crore)
1.	3.96% GS 2022	2,000	100
2.	5.15% GS 2025	11,000	550
3.	5.85% GS 2030	8,000	400
4.	6.80% GS 2060	6,000	300

Government of India will have the option to retain additional subscription up to ₹2,000 crores against each security mentioned above.

The sale will be subject to the terms and conditions spelt out in this notification (called 'Specific Notification'). The stocks will be sold through Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Office, Fort, Mumbai - 400001, as per the terms and conditions specified in the General Notification F.No. 4(2)-W&M/2018, dated March 27, 2018.

The auction will be **price based using multiple price method**. The auction will be conducted by RBI, Mumbai Office, Fort, Mumbai on **January 22, 2021 (Friday)**. The result will be announced on the same day and payment by successful bidders will have to be made on **January 25, 2021 (Monday)**.

For further details, please see RBI press release dated **January 18, 2021 on RBI website - (www.rbi.org.in)**.

**Attention Retail Investors\***  
**(PFs, Trusts, RRBs, Cooperative Banks, NBFCs, Corporates, HUFs and Individuals)**

Retail investors can participate in the auctions for the amounts earmarked for them on a non-competitive basis through a bank or a primary dealer. For more information, detailed list and telephone numbers of primary dealers/bank branches and application forms please visit RBI website ([www.rbi.org.in](http://www.rbi.org.in)) or FIMMDA website ([www.fimmda.org](http://www.fimmda.org)).

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**Tech Mahindra**  
**TECH MAHINDRA LIMITED**

Registered Office: Gateway Building, Apollo Bunder, Mumbai - 400 001.  
Corporate Office: Plot No. 1, Phase III, Rajiv Gandhi Infotech Park, Hinjewadi, Pune - 411 057.  
Tel: +91 20 4225 0000  
Email: investor.relations@techmahindra.com  
CIN: L64200MH1986PLC041370

**CORRIGENDUM**

In continuation of our earlier intimation dated 4<sup>th</sup> January, 2021, informing the date of Board Meeting as on 30<sup>th</sup> January, 2021, for the purpose of considering audited financial results for quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2020, it is hereby informed that the said Board Meeting has now been rescheduled on 29<sup>th</sup> & 30<sup>th</sup> January, 2021.

The financial results shall be considered and declared on 29<sup>th</sup> January, 2021.

This information is also available on the Company's website at the weblink <https://www.techmahindra.com/en-in/investors/disclosure-events/> and the websites of the Stock Exchanges where the Company's shares are listed viz. BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com) and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (www.nseindia.com).

For **TECH MAHINDRA LIMITED**  
Sd/-  
Anil Khatri  
Place: Mumbai  
Date: 19<sup>th</sup> January, 2021  
Company Secretary

**JAYANT AGRO-ORGANICS LIMITED**  
Leadership through Innovation

CIN: L24100MH1992PLC06691  
Regd. Off: 701, Tower 'A', Peninsula Business Park, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel (West), Mumbai 400 013  
Email: investor@jayantagro.com Website: www.jayantagro.com  
Phone: 022-40271300, Fax: 022-40271399

**NOTICE**  
**(for the attention of Equity Shareholders of the Company)**  
**Sub.: Transfer of Equity Shares of the Company to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority**

This notice is published pursuant to the provisions of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended ("the Rules").

The Rules, amongst other matters, contain provisions for transfer of all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more in the name of the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority. Adhering to the various requirements set out in the Rules, the Company has been sending individual communications to the concerned shareholders with respect to transfer of shares to IEPF Authority in respect of which dividend had remained unpaid or unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more i.e. from financial year 2013-14 onwards, as on the due date of transfer.

The complete details of such shareholders and their shares which are due for transfer to IEPF Account will be available on the Company's website at [www.jayantagro.com](http://www.jayantagro.com). Shareholders are requested to refer the website of the Company to verify the details of their unencashed dividend and the shares liable to be transferred to IEPF Account.

The concerned shareholders, holding shares in physical form and whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF Authority, may note that the Company would be issuing new share certificate(s) in lieu of the original share certificate(s) held by them for the purpose of dematerialisation and transfer of shares to IEPF Authority as per the Rules and upon such issue, the original certificate(s) which stands registered in their name will stand automatically cancelled and be deemed non-negotiable. In case of such shareholders holding shares in demat form, the transfer of share in demat account of IEPF Authority will be effected by the Company through the respective Depository.

The Shareholders may please note that the above full details of list of such shareholders uploaded by the Company on its website should be regarded and shall be deemed to be adequate notice in respect of issue of New Share certificate for the purpose of transfer of shares to demat account of the IEPF Authority pursuant to the Rules.

Please note that the due date for transfer of shares to IEPF is May 15, 2021. Accordingly, all the concerned shareholders are requested to make an application to the Company or the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent preferably by April 15, 2021 with a request for claiming the unclaimed interim dividend declared during the financial year 2013-14 and onwards to enable the processing of claims before the due date.

In case the Company does not receive any communication from the concerned shareholders by April 15, 2021, the Company shall, with a view to complying with the requirements set out in the Rules, dematerialise and transfer the shares to IEPF Authority by way of corporate action by the due date as per procedure stipulated in the Rules.

Any further Dividend on such shares shall be credited IEPF. No Claim shall lie against the Company in respect of the unclaimed Dividend and the shares transferred to IEPF. On transfer of the Dividend and the shares to IEPF, the shareholders may claim the same by making an application to IEPF in Form IEPF-5 as per the Rules. The said Form is available on the website of IEPF viz., [www.iepf.gov.in](http://www.iepf.gov.in).

In case of any queries, the shareholders may contact the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, viz. M/s Link Intime India Private Limited, C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai - 400083. Tel No: +91 22 49186000; Fax: +91 22 49186060. E-mail id: [iepf.shares@linkintime.co.in](mailto:iepf.shares@linkintime.co.in).

For Jayant Agro-Organics Limited  
Sd/-  
Dinesh Kapadia  
Place : Mumbai  
Date : January 15, 2021  
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer



